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Overview

Introduction

The Appropriation Act, in Section 4-3.02—*Treasury Loans*, describes the circumstances under which agencies and institutions may borrow funds from the State treasury.

Subject to appropriate authorization, loans may be used for the following:

- Authorized deficits, as described in Section 4-3.01 of the Act,
- Prefunding for capital projects,
- Operating funds in anticipation of federal revenues, and
- Operating funds in anticipation of other nongeneral fund revenues.

Note: For all funds recorded and maintained on the books of the Comptroller that are required to earn and retain interest on cash balances, such funds shall not earn interest on that portion of the fund's cash balance that represents any outstanding loans.

The Secretary of Finance has delegated authority to the State Comptroller for the review and approval of **only short-term** loans in anticipation of **federal** and other **special** revenues for **program operations**. All requests for other types of loans should be addressed to the Director, Department of Planning and Budget.

This topic provides guidance to State agencies and institutions required to make payment for authorized operating expenses prior to the collection of nongeneral fund revenues.

Information is provided on the proper procedures for

- Requesting and repaying anticipation loans,
- Recording internal loans, and
- Processing and recording interest payments on interest-bearing loans.

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Overview, Continued

Policy Documentation of Need

Agencies and institutions must demonstrate, through cash flow analyses and projections, that amounts requested in applications for anticipation loans for operating expenses are no greater than the minimum required to meet the projected expenditures.

Duration

The term of any loan shall not exceed twelve months.

Repayment

Loans shall not exceed the amount of anticipated available nongeneral fund revenue collections and shall be repaid only from such revenues when collected. Loans are to be repaid as soon as funds become available, but in no case later than the due date. Loans in anticipation of federal funds are to be repaid no later than two business days after the agency receives bank notification that the federal funds have been deposited.

Note: In the event of federal shutdown, no loans will be authorized to support either advance-funded or reimbursement type federal grant activities, including payment of personnel costs for furloughed staff, without prior written confirmation from the federal grantor agency that funds will be available to repay the loan. Exceptions to this policy must be approved in writing by the State Comptroller.

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Definitions—Anticipation Loan Types

Advance Funded
(Nonreimburse-
ment) Federal
Grants or
Contracts (Type
4)

A loan may be authorized to provide for temporary use of state funds when federal funds are delayed, even though the federal award specifies advance funding.

Reimbursement Funded Federal Grants or Contracts (Type 2A)

Under a federal reimbursement funded grant, the state is required to advance state funds for program costs and be reimbursed with federal funds at a later date. Any grants that require an accounting submission to accompany the drawdown request are also considered reimbursement type federal programs.

Nonfederal, Nongeneral Fund Programs (Type 2B)

Loans for programs where the payment of authorized obligations is required prior to the collection of nonfederal, nongeneral fund revenues.

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Forms

What Are They?

Three forms used to process Treasury Loans in anticipation of federal or other nongeneral fund revenues are listed and displayed below.

DOA Form	Form Title	How Form is Used
TL-01	Treasury Loan Request	The agency head, as borrower, must submit this
		form to the Comptroller with appropriate
		documentation as outlined in "How To Request an
		Anticipation Loan."
TL-02	Treasury Loan Authorization	Upon approval of the request, the Department of
		Accounts (DOA) submits this form to the
		borrower, detailing the terms and conditions of the
		loan. If a loan request is not approved, DOA
		notifies the applicant via email, stating the reasons
		for the denial.
TL-03	Acknowledgment of Loan	This form may be utilized to request a drawdown
	Authorization and Request	for a new or increased loan. DOA records the loan
	for Takedown	as a liability to the agency involved and a
		receivable to the State.

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TREASURY LOAN REQUEST DOA FORM TL-01

Agency Name:	Agency Code:			
Loan Requested in Anticipated of Federal Revenues (Specify Revenue Source Special Revenues				
Borrower: Title:				
Loan Amount Requested: \$				
Loan Needed Fromto				
Program/Project Code:	Fund/Detail			
Program/Project Name:				
Purpose of Loan:				
Repayment Source:				
Timing of Repayment:				
Additional Information/List of Attachments:				
For Loan Requests in Anticipation of Federal Funds:				
Grant/Contract Title:				
Total Annual Grant/Contract Award: \$				
Federal Grantor Agency/Contact Person/Telephone Num	ber:			
Borrower's Signature:	_ Date:			
DOATL01.237(Revised)				

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[THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED BY DOA UPON APPROVAL OF LOAN REQUEST] Treasury Loan Authorization DOA Form TL-02

Agency Name: Agency Code:		::
Type of Loan:	Cash Advance:	Available Not Available
Authorization Number: Amount:		With Without Interest
Effective Date: Date to Be Repaid	I	
Program/Project Code:	Fund/Detail:	_
Program/Project/Grant Title:		
Purpose of Loan:		
Repayment Source/Schedule:		
Reference:		
Remarks/Conditions: For all funds recorded are required to earn and retain interest on ca portion of the fund's cash balance that repre	sh balances, such funds shall not	-
Authority: Section 4-3.02(b) Appropriation A	ct	
Distribution: [Borrower] DOA General Accounting U	nit	
Approval:		
State Comptroller	Date	
TL02REV.196 (Revised)		

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TREASURY LOAN AUTHORIZATION TAKEDOWN REQUEST DOA FORM TL-03

Agency Name:	Agend	cy Code:
Type of Loan:		
PART A. LOAN AUTHORIZA		DOA Authorization Number:
Program/Project/Grant Title Appropriation Code (Progr Loan Authorization Amour Loan Authorization Date:	am/Fund Detail): nt:	
PART B. AGENCY TAKEDO		
thereto; (b) responsibility to a	adhere to those conditi	thorization referenced above, and the conditions attached ons and arrange repayment of the loan made on such request for the current takedown as listed below.
Total Loan Authorization: Current Takedown Reques Previous Takedowns: Total Takedowns:		
Loan Authorization Balance	e:	
Takedown Number:		Date:
Ti	itle:	
PART C. POSTING Department of Accounts Recorded: Date: Loan Fund Code:	Reference Num	ber:
By Title		
Distribution: Financial Analysis and Services Un F:\Treasury Loans\Loan Documents	- ' - '	2000 TL03.DOC

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How to Request an Anticipation Loan

Timeframe

Requests for Treasury loans should be submitted to the Comptroller **no less than six weeks** before the money is needed to ensure timely processing.

Advance Funded (Nonreimbursement) Federal Grants or Contracts A State agency or institution may request a loan for a federally, advance-funded grant or contract provided that a continuing resolution is not authorized, or— if authorized— the funding authority has been delayed by the federal grantor agency.

A loan may be requested six weeks in advance of the federal fiscal year upon the assumption that the funding delay(s) of the prior year will be repeated.

Agency Responsibility

The State agency or institution is responsible for immediately notifying the State Comptroller of any change in the timing and amount of federal receipts, and for the early full or partial repayment of the loan if federal funds are received earlier than expected.

Repayment

Repayment should be made not later than two business days after the bank notifies the State agency or institution that the federal funds have been deposited.

Fund Delay

Circumstances under which federal funds may not be available at the onset of the grant or contract period include—but are not limited to—

- Delayed congressional action on the federal budget at the beginning of the federal fiscal year,
- Conditions placed on the award that result in a portion of the funds being withheld until the end of the grant period, and
- Processing of awards through several tiers of administration, as with regional offices and pass-through agencies.

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Loan Request

A loan may be requested for one or more federal grants or contracts pending the receipt of federal reimbursements, provided the applicant has previously attempted to receive advance funding.

The loan request should be limited to the minimum amount required to provide sufficient cash to successfully process current disbursements in Cardinal in advance of federal receipts.

Loan Repayment

The loan must be repaid, in accordance with the terms of the loan, from the same federal grant(s) or contract(s) for which the loan was approved. A subsequent loan cannot be used to repay a current loan. Unless specified otherwise in the terms of the loan, or in a subsequent loan modification, the loan must be repaid on the due date, or not later than two business days after bank notification of the receipt of the final reimbursement under the grant or contract, whichever is the earliest.

Note: In the event of federal shutdown, no loans will be authorized to support either advance-funded or reimbursement type federal grant activities, including payment of personnel costs for furloughed staff, without prior written confirmation from the federal grantor agency that funds will be available to repay the loan. Exceptions to this policy must be approved in writing by the State Comptroller.

Nonfederal, Nongeneral Fund Programs

A loan may be requested when an agency experiences seasonal fluctuations in revenue collections from nongeneral fund sources such as fee collections, or when enterprise operating expenses exceed revenues over the short term. The Comptroller does not have the authority to review and approve long term working capital loans or lines of credit. Such requests should be referred to the Department of Planning and Budget (DPB).

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Federal or Special Funds General Requirements

In addition to the application form (DOA Form TL-01), the applicant must provide the following information to document the need for a loan in anticipation of either **federal** or **special** funds:

- Cash Flow Analysis, providing documentation that the amount requested is the minimum needed to cover the period from expenditure to reimbursement. This includes, at minimum:
 - Prior year monthly revenue and expenditure reports,
 - Projected monthly revenues for the next twelve months without a Treasury loan,
 - Projected monthly expenditures for the same period, and
 - Copies of any contracts, agreements or other relevant documents used in developing the projections.
- Full explanation of the purpose of the loan and the specific impact on the agency or the program if the loan is not authorized (additional pages attached, if necessary).
- Confirmation that the loan is being requested for only those programs for which advance funds are not currently available.
- An outline of the agency's plan, in specific terms, for improving the flow of funds to the agency, including any planned meetings with grantor agencies so that DOA has the option to send representatives.

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Federal Funds Specific Requirements

For loans in anticipation of **Federal** funds, including funds passed through another State agency, the following information must be included:

- Copies of most recent awards notices,
- Confirmation that the contact person, as shown on the TL-01, of each federal or State grantor agency has been approached, regarding the availability of advance funding,
- The results of such inquiries, including any special requirements an agency must meet in order to qualify for advance funding,
- Names and telephone numbers of all individuals contacted at the grantor agency,
- An explanation of drawdown techniques currently employed by the agency, including a time line showing frequency of requests for advances or reimbursements and average time elapsed until funds are received, and confirmation that requests are being submitted according to the most frequent time schedule allowed,
- Confirmation that current technology for requesting and receiving funds (e.g., SMARTLINK, ACH, EFT) is being used to the fullest extent available, and
- Confirmation that indirect costs, which may be used as an Internal Loan, are being recovered to the fullest extent possible on a timely basis.

Loan Modifications

Except when otherwise noted on a specific loan authorization, agency requests for modification—including renewal, extension, or changes in the loan amount—will be assessed under the same criteria as is used for an original loan request. Modifications will be treated as new loan requests. All steps required in the original loan process must be repeated, and all documentation updated.

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Repayment of Treasury Loans

After approval of the loan request, the agency will receive a copy of the Treasury Loan Authorization (DOA Form TL02 or DPB Form 023). This form shows the due date for the outstanding loan. The agency is responsible for initiating repayment action prior to the due date.

To repay a loan, the agency must submit a written request to the Comptroller, via email to DOA's General Accounting Unit, at gacct@doa.virginia.gov. The request should describe the loan by giving the authorization number, fund number, department number and project number, if applicable. It should also state the amount to be repaid and as of what date the loan should be repaid. This request should be received by DOA at least two work days prior to the requested repayment date. If no date is indicated, the loan will be repaid upon receipt of the request.

By submitting a repayment request, the agency is certifying that sufficient funds will be available to cover the loan amount on the repayment date.

Unable to Repay a Loan?

Anticipation Loan

The agency must submit the request for an extension to the Comptroller at least six weeks before the required repayment date. It is the agency's responsibility to ensure that loans are repaid by the due date or that a loan modification has been authorized. Top priority for loan repayment must be given by the agency once revenues are received.

Deficit and Construction Loans

If an agency is unable to repay a loan on the required repayment date as specified on the Treasury Loan Authorization the agency must submit a request for an extension of the repayment date to the Department of Planning and Budget. Also, a copy is to be sent to the Comptroller.

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Interest Payment Process

Loans made from the Treasury to agencies and institutions in anticipation of the sale of authorized debt for non-general funded capital projects are interest-bearing loans. Interest payments will be made quarterly for all interest-bearing loans. The Comptroller calculates quarterly interest payable based upon the quarterly interest rate established by the State Treasurer and then processes a General Ledger Journal to charge the interest to the agency or institution as follows.

The Comptroller calculates and records the interest expense in the agency or institution's accounts in Cardinal

Anticipation Loan Interest Retirement (5031310) xxx

Cash (101010) xxx

and records interest revenue at the Department of the Treasury

Cash (101010) xxx

Interest from Other Sources (4007108) xxx.

In accordance with year-end close procedures, for the quarter ended in June, the payment must be made as a June transaction, between the preliminary and the final year-end closings, to ensure processing in the correct fiscal year.

Agencies and institutions that have capital projects completed, before sale of the authorized debt, must begin making principal payments on the temporary loan from revenues generated by the completed project.

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Internal Loans

Internally-funded loans allow agencies and institutions flexibility in using resources, such as indirect cost recoveries, to temporarily fund programs in anticipation of receipt of federal grant funds.

The following procedures are to be used by all agencies that use internal funds as advances in anticipation of federal funds.

Internal Loan Drawdowns

Agency internal loan activity will be recorded in Cardinal by the agency or institution through the use of a General Ledger Journal. Refer to CAPP Topic No. 20410, *Intra-Agency Transactions*.

Internal Loan Receivable (Account 113160) xxx Cash (Account 101010) xxx

Entry to be posted to the fund in which the indirect cost recovery resides

Cash (Account 101010) xxx Internal Loan Payable (Account 206260) xxx

Entry to be posted to the fund in which the loan resides

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Internal Loan Repayments

Agency internal loan activity will be recorded in Cardinal by the agency or institution through the use of a General Ledger Journal. Refer to CAPP Topic No. 20410, *Intra-Agency Transactions*.

Internal Loan Payable (Account 206260) xxx Cash (Account 101010) xxx

Entry to be posted to the fund in which the loan resides

Cash (Account 101010) xxx
Internal Loan Receivable (Account 113160) xxx

Entry to be posted to the fund in which the indirect cost recovery resides

Supporting Documentation

Agencies and higher education institutions must maintain sufficient working papers supporting the internal loan activity. If requested by DOA, an agency or institution must provide this supporting documentation to DOA within five working days of the request.

Internal Control

Internal Control

Each agency and institution should implement internal control procedures to ensure that:

- Treasury loan application, use, accounting and reporting, and repayment
 policies and procedures are in accordance with State requirements, clearly
 stated, and systematically communicated through manuals, handbooks or
 other media,
- All loan transactions are properly and accurately recorded and accounted for in the agency-based accounting system, and
- Requests for repayment are submitted timely to ensure repayments are processed by the established due date.

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Records Retention

Time Period

- Records of fiscal activity related to loan authorizations, records of takedowns and repayments, and other supporting documentation, should be retained for a period of at least five years. The retention period generally starts at the close of the fiscal year covered by the loan.
- For pending, ongoing, or unresolved litigation, audits or claims, retain documentation until completion, resolution, or negotiation of settlements and retain according to standard schedules.

Destruction of records must be in accordance with policies and procedures of the Records Management Section, The Library of Virginia. See CAPP Topic No. 21005, *Records & Retention*, for more information.

Contacts

DOA Contact

Director, General Accounting



(804) 225-2376



gacct@doa.virginia.gov

Subject Cross References

References

CAPP Topic No. 20410, *Intra-agency Transactions* CAPP Topic No. 21005, *Records & Retention*