Reclassification of Taxable Income for Flexible Reimbursement Card Payments

Reclassification

According to IRS guidelines (Revenue Ruling 2003-43, 2006-69), all Card transactions must be validated. The TPA is permitted, under the IRS guidelines, to automatically validate (auto-adjudicate) certain transactions. In the event that the TPA cannot auto-adjudicate card transactions, the TPA requests supporting documentation from the employee. If documentation is not received, then the outstanding transaction amounts must be reported to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as income on the employee’s W-2 form, and are subject to all applicable employment taxes (including federal and state income tax withholding and FICA).

Automated Reclassification

A file will be loaded the week of November 6 which will automatically update the taxable and non-taxable fields for those CIPPS employees who have been paid in 2017. This file will adjust the year-to-date accumulation fields and will not process through a payrun and will not reflect on a Report 10. Therefore, any agency maintaining control totals for the purpose of balancing quarterly or calendar year-end totals will need to make manual adjustments. The amounts can be obtained from the data available on the Report 1006. In addition, Denise Waddy will email you a list of affected employees sometime during that week.

2017 Terminations - Manual Payset Required

A manual payset will be required to invoke the collection of FICA taxes for those employees who have terminated in 2017. An example of the required transaction on HTQTA is provided on the next page.

The amount of OASDI (.062) and HI (.0145) tax related to the reclassified income must be calculated. The combined total should be entered in the NET field with an adjustment indicator of ‘-’ and the individual amounts entered for OASDI and HI with an adjustment indicator of ‘+’. The employee must be reactivated in a non-auto time card status; however, you do NOT need to process a time and attendance transaction for $.01 to pull through the manual payset.

The Department of Accounts will create a journal entry to charge the line agency for the uncollected employee FICA amounts.
Reclass of Taxable Income for Flexible Reimbursement Card Payments, continued

2017 Terminations - Manual Payset Required

It is imperative that these transactions are processed in a timely manner in order for the taxes to be remitted to the IRS by the Department of Accounts. Failure to process these transactions will require payment of the taxes to the IRS via EFTPS. DOA will process the Cardinal transaction to create the payment and provide copies to the affected agency.

2016 Terminations

For those employees who terminated in 2016, the Department of Accounts will process W2Cs and 941Xs. DOA will process the Cardinal transaction to create the payment via EFTPS in conjunction with the filing of the 941X and provide copies to the affected agency.

Active Employees

No action is required for active employees as FICA will self-adjust when the employee is next paid in 2017. However, if you have an active employee who will not be receiving any payments in 2017, please follow the instructions provided for employees who have terminated during 2017.
Many colleges, universities and agencies with political appointees have employees who choose to participate in one of the Optional Retirement Plans in lieu of VRS (deduction 109 – Fidelity, 111 – Political ORP, or 114 – TIAA). One of the benefits that these employees may continue to receive for a period of time once they have terminated from state service is coverage under the State’s Group Term Life (GTL) policy, provided they meet the age/service guidelines VRS requires for retirement. If the employee is eligible for continued group term life insurance coverage and the amount of the coverage exceeds $50,000, then imputed income must be calculated and reported on a W-2 for the former employee.

VRS provides W-2s to retirees under the Virginia Retirement System, but does not provide W-2s to employees who elected to participate in one of the Optional Retirement Plans (ORP); therefore, agencies with ORP participants who terminated in 2017 or before and meet the criteria outlined below, must report the amount of imputed income to DOA for inclusion on W-2s for 2017. For ORP participants who terminated in 2017, the amount of the imputed income for the months following date of termination must be included in taxable income. The uncollected social security and Medicare taxes on the imputed income will be reported separately in Box 12 on Form W-2 using codes M and N. The former employee must pay the employee’s uncollected share of Social Security and Medicare taxes with their income tax return.

Employees in ORPs must meet the same eligibility requirements as VRS-covered employees to remain covered by the Commonwealth’s’ GTL policy at separation from service (VRS Employer Manual, Chapter 5, page 16). VRS service credits the employee may have in addition to the employee’s ORP service credits count towards meeting the age/service requirements. In accordance with the VRS policy changes effective January 1, 2017, terminated ORP participants are no longer required to maintain a plan account balance to qualify for group life insurance benefits. ORP participants must meet the age and service requirements for reduced or unreduced retirement under the VRS plan for which the employee would have been eligible, based on hire date, had the employee not elected ORP. Employers should review their list of group life insurance imputed income tax eligible retirees in the VRS Navigator to determine if any of their participants are deceased. Employers will receive an email from VRS outlining the procedures. If your agency did not receive a communication from VRS related to this subject, please contact ORPHE@varetire.org.

Continued on next page
2017 Imputed Income for ORP Participants Eligible for Continued Grp Life, continued

### Reporting Criteria

The following criteria should be used to determine which employees are impacted:

- Employee elected to participate in one of the optional retirement plans instead of VRS, and
- Employee is eligible for continued coverage under Group Life Insurance (at least 50 with 10 years of service or 55 with 5 years of service), and
- Employee’s final annual salary is greater than $25,000, and
- Employee terminated or retired during 2017 or earlier.

### Amount of Insurance Coverage

At the time the employee retires or terminates, the amount of life insurance coverage provided is twice the amount of the employee’s final salary. The following reductions take place as indicated:

- 25% reduction on January 1st after 12 months from separating service
- 25% reduction every January 1st thereafter
- Final 25% reduction January 1st to fully reduced amount equal to 50% of final salary at time of retirement

Example: At the time Tom retired in May 2017 his final annual salary was $75,000. He meets the criteria required for continued GTL insurance coverage and the coverage amount is $150,000 ($75,000 * 2). In January 2019 the amount of his life insurance coverage will be reduced to $112,500 ($150,000 * .75). In January, 2020 the amount of coverage will be reduced to $75,000 ($150,000 * .5). In January, 2021 the amount of coverage will be reduced for the last time to $37,500 ($150,000 * .25) which is equal to 50% of his original final salary.

### Calculate Amount of Imputed Life

Figure the monthly cost of the insurance to include in the retired employee's wages by multiplying the number of thousands of dollars of insurance coverage over $50,000 (figured to the nearest $1,000) by the cost shown in the table below. Use the employee's age on the last day of the tax year. Figure the total cost to include in the employee's wages by multiplying the monthly cost by the number of full months' coverage at that cost.

A spreadsheet to calculate the amount of imputed income and applicable OASDI and HI taxes is available on our website. Use the “Post Retirement Life Insurance Calculation Worksheet for ORP Retirees” to calculate imputed income for calendar year 2017.

[http://www.doa.virginia.gov/Payroll/Payroll_Main.cfm](http://www.doa.virginia.gov/Payroll/Payroll_Main.cfm)

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2017 Imputed Income for ORP Participants Eligible for Continued Grp Life, continued

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<tr>
<th>Cost Per $1,000 of Protection For 1 Month</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>70 and older</td>
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ORP Participants no longer on CIPPS

If you have ORP participants who meet the reporting criteria, but have been purged from CIPPS, you will need to add them back to the system. Use the H0BNE screen to establish a record for each former employee who has imputed income to be reported. H0BNE must be completed to provide the data elements required to build an employee record in CIPPS. Certain data fields entered on H0BNE automatically generate H0BID, H0BAD, and H0ATX screens for the employee.

W-2 Reporting

Once you have completed the spreadsheet for the imputed income that needs to be added to the former employee’s CIPPS record for 2017, fax the “Post Retirement Life Insurance Calculation” page to Denise Waddy at DOA (804-225-3499). In order for DOA to enter the adjustment in CIPPS before certification for the final pay period in December and calculate the amount of employment taxes due to the IRS, all forms must be submitted no later than noon on Friday, December 15, 2017, and PRIOR to your final certification for this calendar year.

Example

Tom retired in May, 2017, after 23 years of service with one of Virginia’s community colleges. When Tom was hired, he chose to participate in one of the optional retirement plans offered to Higher Ed employees instead of the traditional retirement plan through VRS. At retirement, Tom’s annual salary was $75,000. Because Tom is 53 and has over 10 years of state service, he continues to be covered after his retirement by group-term life insurance at twice his annual salary ($150,000). Tom’s W-2 must include a total of $276.00 in his wages as imputed life for the calendar year of 2017. The community college prepares the “Post Retirement Life Insurance Calculation” and prints a copy to fax to DOA. DOA compares the YTD amount in CIPPS to the amount reported on the spreadsheet and makes the necessary adjustments. Tom’s W-2 will include uncollected FICA amounts in boxes M and N; however, the community college portion of FICA will be paid to the IRS.

Continued on next page
### Payment to IRS

DOA will make the federal tax deposit for the employer portion of the OASDI and HI taxes prior to the end of the calendar year. Former employees will be responsible for the employee portion when they file their income tax returns.

### DOA Contacts

Please contact Denise Waddy at 804-371-8912 or Cathy McGill at 804-371-7800 if you have any questions.